

## SENATE IN GOOD HUMOR

PERMITS ADDITION OF  
EMERGENCY CLAUSE  
TO TWO BILLS

APPORTIONMENT BILL  
AGAIN UNDER FIRE

When Brazell Tried to Put  
Through a Motion to  
Reconsider

The senate, at 3 o'clock Monday afternoon, made a strenuous effort to adjust the differences of opinions between its members on legislative measures. Senator Blair moved to reconsider the vote by which No. 321 was carried and declared the bill had an error in it that, to his mind, would invalidate it.

It is the measure to provide for assistant district clerks, and Blair, their compensation. Senator Sorrells suggested that it be sent to some committee for revision, and Billups suggested that would make speedier way of settlement, but the Blair motion prevailed after a spirited discussion.

The Henry S. Johnston bill, No. 373, was passed by the senate, emergency clause being also successful in running gauntlet.

No. 266, passed Saturday, also got the emergency clause added on motion of Franklin.

**Brazell Got Frightened.**

Senator Brazell called the Graham motion that was looked against 232, the Davis apportionment bill and the Little moved to table; the Little motion failing, 17 to 17, and the opponents of Tonkawa getting the three-fifths of the allowance, took advantage of the exposed forces of Brazell and tried to run the motion through to reconsider action on the bill. Two outside members were brought in, but the motion to reconsider was lost, 17 yeas to 23 nays.

**One New Bill.**

While waiting for the absent members to arrive for vote on the reconsideration of the apportionment bill, Senator Johnston introduced 349, limiting number of trustees to all elementary institutions and their compensation.

**Dealing With the House.**

The house sent word that conference was desired as to house matters, 223, being the bill in question, and Ellis, Durham, and Couch composed house committee. Mr. Graham appointed Eggerman, Davis and Thomas to confer.

No. 231, the paving bill, was reconsidered, that an error might be corrected.

No. 291, the Whitehurst-Murray hotel bill, was read for the first time.

542, by Cope and Murdoch was also read.

Resolution No. 31, by Cope, was read and advanced.

**Recommended by 229 Committee.**

The Stafford bill, 229, regulating carriage and weighing of coal, was recommended for adoption by committee.

No. 260, the Hatchett bill, prohibiting nepotism, was also recommended by the committee for adoption.

The Eggerman appropriation bill, No. 347, was likewise rushed to the final consideration bar.

No. 318, by Franklin, after a severe debate, was advanced to the senate third reading disposition bench, after days of effort.

**MUSKOGEE GOING IN FOR PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS**

Special to Daily Leader.

Muskogee, Okla., April 12.—The new city administration has announced that it proposes to spend some money on municipal improvements and that

## Hay's Hair Health

Never Fails to  
RESTORE GRAY or FADED  
HAIR to its NATURAL  
COLOR and BEAUTY

No matter how long it has been gray or faded. Promotes a luxuriant growth of healthy hair. Stops its falling out, and positively removes dandruff. Keeps hair soft and glossy. Refines all substitutes. 2 1/2 times as much as \$1.00 as 50c size.

IS NOT A DYE.  
Sells by mail, 25c. bottles, at drug stores.  
J. N. WALLACE AND A. E. GRAY.

They will need about a quarter of a million for immediate use for new improvements. There will be a bond issue called for which will provide money for two school buildings, a new fire alarm system, and for an additional water main from the city to the Grand river six miles away. It is also expected that a special bond issue of \$35,000 will have to be voted by the city to satisfy a judgment secured by Cook & Son, waterworks and sewer contractors, of Coffeyville, Kan.

"E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, Ill.—Gentlemen—In 1897 I bought a bottle of Kodol and the benefit I received all the gold in Georgia could not buy. May you live long and prosper. Yours very truly, C. N. Cornell, Redding, Cal., Aug. 27, 1906." Sold by C. R. Renfro.

**HUMOROUS SIDE OF MUSKOGEE COURT**

Special to Daily Leader.

Muskogee, Okla., April 10.—While testifying in an election fraud case here today, an old negro preacher was asked if he ever took a drink. "No, sah," he replied. "You say you never took a drink of whisky in your whole life?" questioned the attorney. "Nevah, boss, not unless I had some nugal and watah."

About the same time another amusing incident was going on in the sheriff's office. A contractor called up on the telephone and informed the sheriff that an accident had occurred and that a negro child had been killed. "Well, wait a minute," said the sheriff. He consulted the statutes and then called up the contractor. "Sechling dotus," he said, "there ain't no bounty on niggers."

**He Got What He Needed.**

"Nine years ago it looked as if my time had come," says Mr. C. Farthing, of Mill Creek, Indian Territory. "I was so run down that life hung on a very slender thread. It was then my druggist recommended Electric Bitters. I bought a bottle and I got what I needed—strength. I had one foot in the grave, but Electric Bitters put it back on the turf again, and I've been well ever since." Sold under guarantee at C. R. Renfro drug store, 30c.

**HIGH WATERS INTERFERE WITH ALLOTMENT WORK**

Special to Daily Leader.

Muskogee, Okla., April 12.—The Cherokee field allotment car passed through Muskogee today on its way to Tanahm, where allotment work is in progress today. Reports from the towns where the car has been show that hundreds of Indians who want to come in and select allotments are prevented from doing so on account of the rivers and creeks which are so high now that they cannot cross them. The car will continue on its itinerary, however, regardless of weather. The Indians are very anxious to get to the car as attested by the work done at Porum, where 175 films were made in the two days the car was there.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills. Sold by C. R. Renfro.

**Resolution of Condolence.**

Whereas, the home of one of our fellow students, Lee Fields, has been visited by a sad affliction in the death of his father; be it resolved, that we the Junior class of the Logan county high school, do most sincerely extend our deepest sympathy to the bereaved family in this time of sorrow. (Signed) by the committee, Ben West, Lulla Eastwood, Fred Day.

## RECOMMIT SCHOOL LAND MEASURE

HOUSE NOT YET READY  
TO TACKLE BIG  
QUESTION

EARLY PAYING BILL  
"RECALLED FOR 'FIXING'"

Senate Amendments to  
Ellis' Anti-Lobby Bill  
Rejected

In the house yesterday afternoon the school land bill, by Fisher, was at the head of the calendar sailing under special orders. Japp introduced a resolution that the bill should be recommitted with instructions to redraft Sections 9 to 13, inclusive, and Section 22.

Much discussion followed on the motion to recommit. Casteel desired to have it recommitted to a special committee of nine. A motion to table was lost, as was also the Casteel amendment. Hobdy desired to have the committee instructed that the bill should provide that every sale of the land should include not over 160 acres, carry long time and low rate of interest, preference rights of lessees, etc. The amendments seemed to be the sense of the house, but the point of order was raised that these were all contained in the bill. Finally the motion to recommit was carried.

The bill provides that certain portions of land may be set aside for poor, poor farms and other public uses. Banks opposed this as did other members.

In the general discussion Murray made one of the strong speeches of the session dealing broadly with the problem. Whitehurst opposed the sale of the land and desired the bill to be indefinitely postponed. He said there had been too much talk about the rights of the Indians and too little about the rights of the school children of the state.

Ellis said that the democracy should remember its campaign pledges and Fisher spoke along the same line. There was a general discussion of the measure along the time worn arguments pro and con.

The recommitting of the bill means that it will be worked over in a number of its provisions.

The early paying bill, recalled from the governor last week for purposes of correction, was returned from the senate with a slight amendment, which, on roll call, was agreed to.

A number of new bills were introduced, and they, with their titles and authors may be found in the House Journal, published elsewhere in this issue of The Leader.

A number of bills were made special orders for today.

The senate has amended Ellis' anti-lobby bill, but the house refused to concur in the amendments. A conference committee was appointed, a similar committee asked of the senate.

The Tany-Ezard bill, establishing county courts at Collinsville and Cheyenne in Rogers county, was recommended for passage.

A resolution was adopted memorializing congress against the passage of the Penrose bill. This measure gives the postmaster general power to suppress newspapers and other publications, and is believed to be a menace to the liberty of the press.

The committee on rules recommended a vote of censure regarding the notes of the official stenographer. Each member is to be permitted to have access to his own speeches at all times, but any member is to have thirty-six hours' notice when another member desires his speech. The time notice is for the purpose of giving an opportunity for the member to properly revise his speech before it becomes public property.

The special committee to which the Thomas bill was committed, recommended that it pass without amendment. This is the bill relating to elections for the purpose of establishing permanent county seats.

It was nearly 6 o'clock when the house adjourned until 9 o'clock this morning.

## TOO MANY COOKS BIG CREEK BURDEN

Special to Daily Leader.

Enfola, Okla., April 14.—There are three different delegations of Creek Indians in Washington, all of them claiming to represent their people before the House committee. One delegation is headed by Mory Tiger, selected by the tribe. This delegation has for its purpose the speedy consummation of a final settlement of Creek affairs with the government. The only program made, however, is to get approved a three year contract with M. M. Mott, an Oklahoma attorney, at a salary of \$5,000 a year, which looks like a settlement in a long way off. This delegation is in Washington at the expense of the Creek nation.

Another delegation is headed by Ellis Childers. This delegation claims to be in Washington to watch the first delegation and to prevent their securing a change in the treaty agreement whereby the allotments of land are to

## Piles Quickly Cured at Home

Instant Relief, Permanent Cure—Trial Package Mailed Free to All in Plain Wrapper.

Piles is a fearful disease, but easy to cure if you go at it right.

An operation with the knife is dangerous, cruel, humiliating and unnecessary.

There is just one other sure way to be cured—painless, safe and in the privacy of your own home—it is Pyramid Pile Cure.

We mail a trial package free to all who write.

It will give you instant relief, show you the harmless, painless nature of this great remedy and start you well on the way to a perfect cure.

Then you can get a full-sized box from any druggist for 50 cents, and often one box cures.

Indict on having what you call for. If the druggist tries to sell you something just as good, it is because he makes more money on the substitute.

The cure begins at once and continues rapidly until it is complete and permanent.

You can go right ahead with your work and be easy and comfortable all the time.

It is well worth trying. Just send your name and address to Pyramid Pile Co., 92 Pyramid Building, Marshall, Mich., and receive free by return mail the trial package in a plain wrapper.

Thousands have been cured in this easy, painless and inexpensive way, in the privacy of the home.

No knife and its torture. No doctor and his bills. All druggists, 50 cents. Write today for a free package.

be equalized in value by using on the surplus land. It is believed the first delegation wants the equalization made by a per capita payment instead of as formerly provided.

The third delegation is headed by Caley Proctor and is composed of the Snake faction of Indians, the clan that stands for the long grass grows and water runs the Indian shall remain in undisturbed possession of this country." How the last two delegations live in Washington, for they are all poor, and what authority they have, is unknown save to themselves.

## OKLAHOMA PRODUCTION

WILL OPEN GUTHRIE  
CIRCUS SEASON  
TOMORROW

Miller Bros., 101 Ranch Wild West show will exhibit in Guthrie tomorrow afternoon, and evening.

The 101 Ranch is located at Bliss, Oklahoma.

Oklahoma, as a state, historically considered, is of recent origin, but as a portion of the great tract of Southwestern country, known at various times as Louisiana, Manland, Territory, the Great American Desert, Uninhabitable Lands and the Indian Territory, it has a place in the history of the nation dating back to the Spanish Explorers.

The prairies and valleys were the hunting grounds of the early tribes of Indians, from the earliest time of which there is record of the movements of the aboriginal Americans.

The name, Oklahoma, is derived from the Indian word "beautiful land" and is appropriately descriptive of its general characteristics.

A very small portion was first opened for settlement on April 22, 1889. In turn were opened for settlement "No Man's Land," the Six and Fox, Iowa and Pottawatomie reservations as well as a part of the Cheyenne and Arapaho lands.

Soon, 1893, the Cherokee strip was opened for settlement. The first man to reach the goal was Joe Miller, eldest brother of these same congressional Miller Bros. He had planted his flag in a bend in the Salt Fork of the Arkansas river on the edge of the reservation.

Thus was founded the 101 ranch. This was one of the noblest bands of American Pioneers that ever turned their faces toward the setting sun. It took man marked by indomitable energy and enterprise; strong right arm and active brain to accomplish the wonder which the Millers have.

They are among the last of that picturesque "cowman" who have driven from this vast country, renegade Indians and outlaws and in the face of it all have won.

In the little more than a decade which has elapsed since the creation of the territory, they have accomplished more than most others would have in a quarter of a century.

If you visit the 101 ranch you find three men aggressive and full of untiring energy, but also full of Southern hospitality.

From these surroundings comes the 101 Ranch Wild West Show.

"Health Coffee" is really the closest Coffee imitation ever yet produced. This close Coffee Substitute was recently produced by Dr. Schoop of Racine, Wis. Not a grain of real coffee in it either. Dr. Lhoop's Health Coffee is made from pure toasted grains, with malt, nuts, etc. Really it would fool an expert—who might drink it for coffee. No 20 or 30 minutes tedious boiling. "Made in a minute," says the doctor. Sold by Bank Grocers.

Misses and Children. Oxford in Tan Pal, Colts and Vici Kids, better shoes at the price can not be bought than at Robinson's.

## OWEN AND GORE LAUD T. JEFFERSON

OKLAHOMA SENATORS  
IN DEMAND AS AFTER-  
DINNER SPEAKERS

MEMORY OF GREAT  
DEMOCRAT TOASTED

Patriotic and Eloquent Sentiments  
Appreciated in New  
York and St. Louis

(By Associated Press.)  
New York, April 14.—Democrats prominent in the state and union to the number of 400 gathered last night at the Hotel Knickerbocker, where the 16th anniversary of the birth of Thomas Jefferson was celebrated at a dinner by the national democratic club.

One of the principal speakers was United States Senator Owen, of Oklahoma.

Senator Owen, whose topic was, "Thomas Jefferson in Oklahoma," said in part:

"Thomas Jefferson was strongly opposed to slavery as he indicated in many ways. I cannot upon this behalf determine the division on the cause it was failure on the part of the democratic party to develop and observe this one teaching of Jefferson which resulted in the retirement of that party from national control during the last half century."

"The same spirit of American liberty which determined that the slavery of the black man should not exist in this country will stand against the enslavement of white men by monopolies."

"There are said to be over six million women driven by economic needs out of the homes of America outside of domestic service, compelled to earn their daily bread in competition with the wages of men, hundreds of thousands of young and tender children are being sacrificed on the altars of Mammon under the grinding process of modern monopoly and the exacting demands of corporation owners who cry for 'dividend' dividends, dividends on watered stock of which only a fractional part is honest capital entitled to interest."

"The time has come in the United States when the great doctrine of equality should be recognized in our statecraft."

It seems to me it would be unwise to destroy the great corporations which have been constructed in this country by our so-called captains of industry. We have a perfect right, however, to control these monopolies legally, morally and it is a patriotic duty to do so. And they should not be permitted to tax the American people in excess of a fair interest on the capital actually invested. If they do so controlled it would give a stability to wages; we would hear no more of over-production nor of under-consumption, but these enterprises would proceed upon rational lines and work for the welfare of all of the people of our common country."

Gore at St. Louis.

(By Associated Press.)  
St. Louis, April 14.—The one hundred and sixty-fifth birthday anniversary of Thomas Jefferson was celebrated by the Jefferson club last night at a meeting in the Olden, at which former Attorney-General Judson Harmon, of Cincinnati, and United States Senator Thomas P. Gore, of Oklahoma, were the principal speakers.

Jefferson was in a measure of a mass meeting and the Olden, which has a seating capacity of 1,600, was comfortably filled.

A dinner of club members, at which

## Weak Little Boys

may become fine strong men. Some of the strong men of today were sickly boys years ago. Many of them received

at their mother's knee. This had a power in it that changed them from weak, delicate boys into strong, robust boys.

It has the same power to-day. Boys and girls who are pale and weak get food and energy out of SCOTT'S EMULSION. It makes children grow.

All Druggists, 50c. and \$1.00.

Mr. Harmon and Senator Gore were the guests of honor, was held at the Jefferson club prior to the meeting. Following the dinner, the Jefferson file and drum corps paraded.

A Twenty Year Sentence.

"I have just completed a twenty year health sentence, imposed by Bucklen's Arnica Salve, which cured me of bleeding piles just twenty years ago," writes J. S. Wodehouse, of Leesville, N. Y. Bucklen's Arnica Salve heals the worst sores, boils, burns, wounds and cuts in the shortest time. 25c at R. C. Renfro drug store.

**PROHIBITIONISTS DON'T WANT DISPENSARY JOB**

Special to Daily Leader.

Enfola, Okla., April 14.—After receiving the Indian Journal for thirty-two years without paying for it, Alex McIntosh, a Creek Indian, dropped into Enfola the other day and asked to be allowed to pay for his paper. The Indian Journal is the oldest newspaper in the state. In 1876 Mr. McIntosh was in Enfola, and a man named Roberts asked him to haul some freight from the depot for him. The freight was the plant for the Indian Journal. For hauling the plant to the building Mr. Roberts was to send the paper for an indefinite number of years to Mr. McIntosh. The latter has been receiving the paper for thirty-two years and when he came in he said that he guessed the period to which he was entitled to the paper had about expired and asked to be allowed to pay a dollar for another year's subscription. It took a couple of hours to haul the freight that constituted the original journal plant.

There is nothing better than Kodol for dyspepsia, indigestion, sour stomach, headache of man and nervous headache. It digests what you eat. Sold by C. R. Renfro.

**EASTERN LAWYERS GET FAT CONTRACT**

Special to Daily Leader.

Muskogee, Okla., April 14.—The department of interior has designated Keppeler and Merrill, a firm of Washington attorneys, as attorneys for the Osage as \$5,000 per year, the contract running for two years. The contract was signed after Mr. Papley had been down from Washington and spent two days with the Osage chiefs. Then with the principal chief, Ne-Ka-Wa-She-Tun-Ka, and an interpreter, the attorney went to Tulsa where the contract was executed in the presence of Judge Ralph Campbell, of the federal court.

What the Washington idea is for having high priced attorneys for the Osage at this time is not understood locally. The rolls of the Osage have already been completed, the schedule of their lands made, such has made his third selection of land, and it would appear that that business is practically closed now with the exception of a final notetaken with the government.

It is understood that P. A. Shinn, a local lawyer at Pawhuska, will do the work for the firm.

**Plenty of Trouble**

It is caused by stagnation of the liver and bowels. To get rid of it and headache and biliousness and the poison that brings jaundice, take Dr. King's New Life Pills, the reliable purifiers that do the work without grinding or griping. 25c at R. C. Renfro drug store.

**INSISTS INDIANS ARE NOT WARDS**

SENATOR OWEN WANTS GUARDIANSHIP EXPLAINED

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT ORDERS INVESTIGATION

But Interior Department Lawyers Fail to Answer Senator's Question

Special to Daily Leader.

Washington, April 14.—Senator Owen, of Oklahoma, has the attorneys in the interior department jumping sideways. He has propounded to them some very pertinent questions relating to the affairs of the Indians of the five civilized tribes. The question that is giving them the most trouble is: "Are the Cherokee Indians wards of the government?" Owen says the department is treating them as such, when there is no law for it; at least no law that he can find, and he thinks he knows all the laws relating to that tribe. Having assumed a guardianship over them, the senator asks what law authorizes it. He propounded the question to Secretary Garfield first in the presence of President Roosevelt at a recent White House conference. Garfield said he could not answer it. Roosevelt told him to have his lawyers answer the question by the following day. The lawyers could not do it and asked for more time. The president granted their request but insisted on their making a reply at an early date. So far they have made no reply. Senator Owen will give them a few more days and then he will take the matter up again with the president.

"I do not believe the president will permit the interior department to assume a guardianship over the Indians of the five civilized tribes if there is no law authorizing it," said Senator Owen. "There is no law. The action of the department is arbitrary. The department is out, assuming to say that the property of the Indians is divided equally among them. After that work is done, under the law and the treaties, the department has no other jurisdiction over them. It has unwarrantably assumed guardianship over the Indians along with its trust-ship over their property. I am strictly going to have the department limited to the functions that it can lawfully perform. That is why I have taken the matter up direct with the president. I have every reason to believe that the president will instruct the department to quit assuming control over people unlawfully."

"The five civilized tribes in Oklahoma are no longer Indian tribes under the law. They are American citizens, made so by act of congress, and aside from the restrictions placed upon the disposal of their property, which they agreed to in their treaties with the government, they are just as free to handle their affairs as any other citizen of this country. That is, they are so far as the law is concerned. But the department without any authority of law continues to rule them and their property with an iron hand. I shall keep up my fight until the Indians are released from such tyrannical conditions."

**That Nasal Catarrh**

Nasal Catarrh is a nauseating disease anyone knows who has had to sit close to, or talk face-to-face with a person reeking with purulent catarrh. To get a whiff of the bad breath of such a person is to sicken at once and turn away.

Have you ever had to endure, in sickening silence, the howling and gagging of a Catarrh victim, or have to sit close to such a person and experience a disgusting, appetite-losing, foul odor, which you could not explain and did not know what it was? That's Catarrh, and there are plenty of people who have it. You can get rid of your case without much delay and avoid becoming an object of aversion to others, or even members of your own family, by merely using the simplest cure in the world—Bunsen's Catarrh Cure.

Millions of trial boxes are given away annually, thereby risking our reputation and every one that is tried produces immediate beneficial results.

**That Nasal Catarrh**

A Prominent Attorney of Leonardtown, Md.

Bunsen's Catarrh Cure is a cream-like, antiseptic healing balm. The great remedial agents, Oil of Eucalyptus, Menthol, Boracic Acid, etc., are incorporated into a smooth, velvet-like Petrolatum.

"This creation—Bunsen's Catarrh Cure—produces immediate and lasting relief to sufferers from Catarrhal Deafness, Nasal Catarrh, Hay Fever and Cold in the Head.

Try Bunsen's Catarrh Cure; we say it is par excellence, the most rapid, thorough and effective treatment ever prepared for the cure of catarrhal troubles of the nose and throat and we say it because of the results obtained from its use.

Mrs. Jack Lynn, Clintonville, Wis., says: "I have used Bunsen's Catarrh Cure for Nasal Catarrh and wish to state it is the only medicine that ever did me any good."

Miss Laura Ewing, of Hancock, Md., says: "I have used Bunsen's Catarrh Cure for Catarrhal Deafness and find it the best cure more than any medicine I ever used before."

D. W. Barnes, Westmore, Md., says: "I have used Bunsen's Catarrh Cure for Catarrhal Deafness and find it the best cure more than any medicine I ever used before."

J. H. Ching, Leonardtown, Md., says: "I have used one box of Bunsen's Catarrh Cure and immediately improved my hearing. My wife is using Bunsen's Catarrh Cure for Hay Fever and finds relief from the use of any remedy an alleviation of a great deal of pain and trouble."

**BUNSEN'S CATARRH CURE**

Two Sizes, 75 and 50 Cents. C. W. Bege, Sons & Co., Proprietors, Chicago.

FOR SALE BY A. E. GRAY

**Ask Him**

Ask your doctor about taking  
Ayer's non-alcoholic Sarsaparilla.  
Trust him. Do exactly as he says.

**Ayer's Sarsaparilla**  
NON-ALCOHOLIC

Lips white? Checks pale? Blood thin?  
Consult your doctor.  
Bad skin? Weak nerves? Losing flesh?  
Consult your doctor.  
No appetite? Poor digestion? Discouraged?  
Consult your doctor.

**Free from Alcohol**

J. C. AYER CO., Manufacturing Chemists, Lowell, Mass.